detailed traders' *Directory* accompanied the *List*, except for three years in the later 1830s. A full set is held at the Centre for Banburyshire Studies [CBS], together with microfiche of a card index to a large part of the directories; the card index itself is at Banbury Museum [BM] (index viewed by appointment only). In the county, other sets of this useful work (not all of them complete) are at the COS and the Bodleian Library. It is a very good source of personal information, with a great number of town dignitaries, tradesmen and other residents listed; the index makes it possible to track changes in occupation and address.

A directory to *The Licensees of the Inns, Taverns and Beerhouses of Banbury 'from the Fifteenth Century to Today'*, compiled by Vera Wood, was published by the Oxfordshire Family History Society in 1998. This undoubtedly useful work should be used with caution, as proof-reading could have been better, and, more seriously, no sources are given.

Annual voters' lists from 1832 to date are held by the Oxfordshire Record Office [ORO]. Facsimiles of the lists for Banbury Borough for 1859 and 1865 were published in 1974 by the Open University. Of related interest is *A Victorian M.P. and his Constituents: The Correspondence of H.W. Tancred*, 1841-1859, ed. B.S. Trinder (B.H.S. 8, 1967), in which may be found references to many leading Banburians of that period.

The Victorian Period

For the Victorian period Barrie Trinder's Victorian Banbury (B.H.S. 19 and Phillimore, 1982) obviously should be checked, though it is a narrative history rather than records as such. Another (unique) source for the early Victorian period is George Herbert's Shoemaker's Window: Recollections of Banbury before the Railway Age. There have been three editions of this, the second being in the B.H.S series, vol. 10, with Phillimore, 1971; the most recent edition was published by Gulliver Press in 1979; both are indexed and have an introduction by Barrie Trinder. Herbert lived from 1814 to 1902 and, a few years before his death, wrote down what he remembered of the Banbury of his youth, in particular of those who lived there, going from house to house almost like a census enumerator, but much more entertainingly.

Somewhat similar is a booklet Reminiscences of Old Banbury, by Thomas Ward Boss, published in 1903. Boss was ten years younger than